# A0344 Sage User Manual

Gas Autosampler

# PICARRO



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# **Revision History**

Revision	Date	Notes
А	December 2024	Initial release

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1 Introduction PICΛRRO

## 1 Introduction

The Picarro A0344 Sage gas autosampler is an advanced solution designed to automate the measurement of greenhouse gas (GHG) concentrations and stable isotope ratios in small discrete gas samples. It addresses the need for high-precision, low-maintenance systems in GHG and isotope analysis, making it the ideal tool for researchers who require efficiency and reliability.

This autosampler offers automated operation, working seamlessly with a variety of Picarro gas analyzers to ensure accurate, high-quality results. The 150-position vial rack, compatible with 12 mL head-space vials, allows for high throughput sample analysis, making it a practical choice for labs handling large volumes of samples.

The A0344 Sage is fully integrated with Picarro's suite of analyzers, creating a seamless workflow from sample introduction to data acquisition. The system's intuitive software allows for automated data analysis and easy export of results, accelerating the data review process. Additionally, the real-time preview feature provides immediate visualization of processed data, enabling researchers to quickly assess the results and make informed decisions.

By simplifying the entire workflow, from sample handling to data analysis, the A0344 Sage enhances lab efficiency while maintaining the precision required for advanced GHG and isotope measurements.

### 1.1 Intended Use

The Picarro A0344 Sage gas autosampler pairs with several of Picarro analyzers. The autosampler is a XYZ sampler system and can prepare, move, and inject samples into Picarro analyzers.

During normal operation of the analyzer, the autosampler is controlled by software running on the computer installed on the Picarro analyzer. This software coordinates sample injections with the Picarro instrument and eliminates the need for user intervention during automated multiple-sample runs. However, there are some one-time set up and once-perrun operations which need to be performed directly with the autosampler software. These are described in this document.

PICARRO 1 Introduction

### 1.2 Hardware Overview

### 1.2.1 Front Panel

The front panel of the A0344 Sage gas autosampler has a cover, two LED status lights, a power switch that illuminates when the power is on, a drawer to access the tray, and a lever to open the drawer.

- The orange status light (top) illuminates if the cover is open.
- The red status light (bottom) illuminates if the drawer is open. The A0344 Sage gas autosampler will stop sampling and the arm will return to its home position.
- The power button illuminates when the power is on.
- You can lift the clear cover manually. This provides access to replace the needle, for example.
- The drawer contains the tray of samples. You open it by sliding the opening lever to the right.



Figure 1 - Front view of the A0344 Sage gas autosampler

1 Introduction PICARRO

### 1.2.2 Back Panel

The back panel of the gas autosampler contains a sample inlet port, a flush port, USB communications, and the power connection.



Figure 2 - Back panel of the A0344 Sage gas autosampler

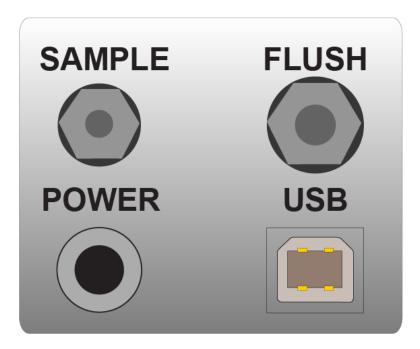


Figure 3 - Back panel connections

PICARRO 1 Introduction

# 1.3 Specifications

Table 1 - Specifications for the A0344 Sage gas autosampler

Parameter	Specifications	
Maximum Number of Vials	150	
Needle	Picarro recommends BD PrecisionGlide™ 22 G X 1" Hypodermic Needles. Equivalent syringes from other manufacturers may be used.	
Vials	Labco 12mL Exetainer vials	
Software	On board software ensures seamless operation, automated data analysis, and real-time preview	
Operating system	Compatible with Windows 10, Windows 11, and Linux Ubuntu 20.04	
Dimensions	17" w X 13" h X 12.2" d (43.3 x 33.2 x 30 cm) not including 0.25" feet  Back clearance: 2.5" (65 mm)	
Weight	24.5 lb. (11.1 kg)	
Voltage: 24 VDC		
Electrical	Current: 1.5 A	
Power	110 - 230 VAC, 50/60 Hz	
Requirement	Note: Use only the power adapter supplied by Picarro	
Operating Temperature	4 °C (40 °F) to 40 °C (104 °F)	
Storage Temperature	4 °C (40 °F ) to 50 °C (122 °F)	
Relative Humidity	10% to 75% non-condensing	

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# 1.4 Compatible Analyzers

Table 2 - Analyzers compatible with the A0344 Sage gas autosampler

Model Number	Gases Measured		
G2131-i	$\delta^{13}\mathrm{C}$ in $\mathrm{CO}_2$		
G2201-i	$\delta^{13}\mathrm{C}$ in $\mathrm{CO}_2$ and $\mathrm{CH}_4$		
G2210-i	$\delta^{13}\mathrm{C}$ in $\mathrm{CH_4}$ , $\mathrm{CH_4}$ and $\mathrm{C_2H_6}$		
G2401	CO <sub>2</sub> , CO, CH <sub>4</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> O		
G2508	N <sub>2</sub> O, CH <sub>4</sub> , CO <sub>2</sub> , NH <sub>3</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> O		
G5131- <i>i</i>	$\delta^{15} N$ and $\delta^{18} O$ in $N_2 O$		
Pl5131- <i>i</i>	$\delta^{15}$ N and $\delta^{18}$ O in N $_2$ O		
G5310	N <sub>2</sub> O, CO, H <sub>2</sub> O		
PI5310	N <sub>2</sub> O, CO, H <sub>2</sub> O		

PIC ∆ R R O 2 Safety

# 2 Safety

The following chapter provides an overview of warning symbols used in this document, general safety guidelines for using the A0344 Sage, and acquired certifications.

## 2.1 Warning Symbols

The purpose of these icons is to provide a visual convention to alert you of important information. They indicate dangers to either the operator or to the product, and other important information. The following symbols are used in this manual.



WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or severe injury.



PINCH POINT alerts the user of a potential pinch point.



CAUTION alerts user of a potential danger to equipment or to the user.



HOT SURFACE alerts user to potential injury from hot surfaces.



The NOTE is important information that you should be aware of before proceeding.

2 Safety PIC ΔRRO

### 2.2 General Safety

This section describes the CE certifications for regulatory conformity for the European Union.

### 2.2.1 CE Certification

This Picarro analyzer complies with the European standards and the instrument is affixed with a CE label. This CE label is located on the rear of the instrument.



Using the A0344 Sage in a manner not specified by Picarro may result in damage to the Sage and render it unsafe to operate.

### **⚠** WARNING

The A0344 Sage is for indoor use only and has an ingress protection rating of IPx-0. It is NOT protected against exposure to water including dripping, spraying, splashing or immersion.

### 

Do not operate in an explosive atmosphere! Do not operate in the presence of flammable gases or fumes.

### 

When using compressed gases, follow all appropriate safety conventions, including use of eye protection, physical restraint of cylinders, etc.

### **⚠** CAUTION

Do not replace the mains supply power cord with an inadequately rated cord.

PICARRO 2 Safety



#### CAUTION

The A0344 Sage contains no user-serviceable components except those specified in the Maintenance chapter of this user manual.

Do not attempt repairs; instead, report all problems to Picarro Customer Support or your local distributor. Please contact Picarro if you have any questions regarding the safe operation of this equipment.



#### CAUTION

Equipment Damage: Exceeding gas inlet pressure or temperature specifications could result in damage to the instrument. In the case of higher input pressure or flow, configuring a sampling bypass manifold system is recommended. Use a 'tee' at the gas inlet and exhaust the remainder of the gas stream appropriately.



#### **HOT SURFACE**

The inlet gas connector on the back panel of the A0344 Sage, and its immediate vicinity, run hot during operation of the A0344 Sage. Take care when connecting gas lines or working at the rear of the instrument to wear protective gloves or avoid contact with these surfaces.



#### CAUTION

The A0344 Sage uses needles to sample gas from vials. Used needles are a biohazard and must be disposed of according to local or national regulations.



#### WARNING

Pinch Point Danger: The A0344 Sage has automatically moving parts which may suddenly and unexpectedly change position. Please keep the cover closed and your hands away from the unit during operation.

PICARRO 3 QuickStart

## 3 QuickStart

Before connecting gas lines, connect your A0344 Sage gas autosampler to the analyzer by using a USB cable. Power on both the A0344 Sage and the CRDS analyzer to verify that they function properly and communicate with each other.

#### To test the connection:

- 1. Connect the USB cable from the A0344 Sage gas autosampler to any USB port on the CRDS analyzer.
- 2. Remove the port caps on the Sample and the Flush ports.
- 3. Connect the power cable to the A0344 Sage gas autosampler.
- 4. Press the power switch on the front of the autosampler.

The green LED on the power switch illuminates to indicate that the power is on.

## 3.1 Installing the Software from a USB flash drive

If you purchased the A0344 Sage gas autosampler separately and already own an analyzer, you must install the Sage software on your analyzer.

#### To install the software from the included USB flash drive:

- 1. Insert the USB drive included in the installation kit into any USB port on your Picarro analyzer.
- 2. Run the included software installation program.
- 3. Open the Sage software interface by double-clicking the icon on the analyzer desktop.

### 3.2 Gas Line Connections

Flush gas connections on the A0344 Sage gas autosampler are 1/8" Swagelok fittings and 1/8" tubing.

- Fittings can be tightened with a 7/16" wrench. Initially hand-tighten the connector onto the port, and then tighten the connector an additional 1/4 turn using a 7/16" wrench.
- Gas output from the A0344 Sage to CRDS inlet is 1/16" OD tubing with 1/16" Swagelok fittings on the A0344 Sage input port and connected via an adapter to 1/14" inlet port of the CRDS analyzer.

Use this tightening procedure for all following Swagelok connections.

For an illustration of gas connections between the A0344 Sage gas autosampler and the Picarro analyzer, see 5.4 A0344 Sage Startup and Setup.

3 QuickStart PICΛRRO

#### To connect a gas line:

1. Connect your flush gas line to the A0344 Sage gas autosampler "Flush" port.

There is a 1/8" gas line in the installation kit. Ensure the zero air or  $N_2$  tank being used for flush is connected with a 2-stage regulator, whose delivery pressure is adjusted to 2.5 psi units. Exceeding the maximum of 5 psi pressure can cause damage to the CRDS analyzer.

Refer to the CRDS analyzer user manual for further information.

2. Connect the 1/16" green tubing from the input port on the A0344 Sage to the analyzer's sample inlet.

PICARRO 4 Unpacking

# 4 Unpacking

Picarro products are inspected and tested before leaving the factory. Their packing containers have been designed to keep the equipment safe from damage during transit.

## 4.1 Inspect the Shipping Boxes

Inspect the condition of all boxes upon arrival. Even if the outer box shows damage, the inner box holding the analyzer will protect the instrument under most circumstances.

If the equipment does appear to be damaged, photograph the damage and contact Picarro (email pictures) as soon as possible.



Keep all packing materials so the instrument can easily be returned Picarro if necessary or transported to another location.

#### 4.2 Box Contents

The following items are included in the gas autosampler box:

- A0344 Sage gas autosampler
- Tray for 150 vials
- Power adapter
- USB 2.0 (Type A)-to-USB cable (Type B), 3 ft (1 meter) in length
- 1/16" tubing for the sample line, preassembled with a Swagelok fitting and an adapter, 4 ft (1.3 m) in length

One end connects to the gas autosampler sample outlet, the other connects to the analyzer sample inlet

- · for zero air:
  - 1/8" tubing for zero air, 12 ft (4 m) in length
  - Swagelok set (including nuts, ferrules, and an adapter) to connect to the zero-air cylinder
  - Swagelok set to connect to the flush port on the gas autosampler
- 4 nuts and ferrules for 1/16"
- 4 nuts and ferrules for 1/8"
- Protective covers for the sample outlet and flush inlet
- Plastic bag containing accessories
- 4 needles
- USB Flash Drive
- User manual

4 Unpacking PIC ΔRRO

Table 3 - Options and recommendations for tubing and connections

Tubing		
1/16" nut + ferrules on GA side	included in the A0344 Sage gas autosampler accessory kit	
1/16" nut and ferrule on analyzer side	Swagelok SS-100-NFSET	
1/6" to 1/4" adapter	Swagelok SS-100-R-4	
1/4" ferrule set	Swagelok SS-400-NFSET	

#### 5 Hardware Installation and Setup

Follow the steps described in this section to make the proper gas and electrical connections.

#### 5.1 Setup Safety



#### WARNING

When using compressed gases, follow all appropriate safety conventions, including use of eye protection, physical restraint of cylinders, etc.



#### 

When the A0344 Sage gas autosampler and the analyzer are being integrated to an external system, the safety of that system is the responsibility of the assembler of that system.



#### **NOTE**

It is imperative that all gas connections be free of leaks to achieve proper measurement of a sample and ensure performance of the system. All gas connections should be made with stainless steel tubing and Swagelok connectors.



#### **HOT SURFACE**

The inlet gas connector on the back panel of the analyzer, and its immediate vicinity, runs hot during operation of the analyzer. Take care when connecting gas lines or working at the rear of the instrument to wear protective gloves or avoid contact with these surfaces.

#### 5.2 **Pre-Installation Requirements**

The A0344 Sage gas autosampler is intended to be used as an accessory to compatible Picarro analyzers (for a list of analyzers that are compatible with the A0344 Sage, see section 1.4 Compatible Analyzers). It cannot function as a stand-alone device. The following preinstallation requirements are divided into two segments: requirements, and optional aspects a user may wish to prepare prior to installation. The accessory kit contains the required connectors and fittings to install and operate the A0344 Sage gas autosampler.

### 5.3 Required Setup

A Picarro analyzer is required to run the A0344 Sage gas autosampler and its software. The basic gas analyzer setup (CRDS analyzer and external vacuum pump) can be found in its user manual.

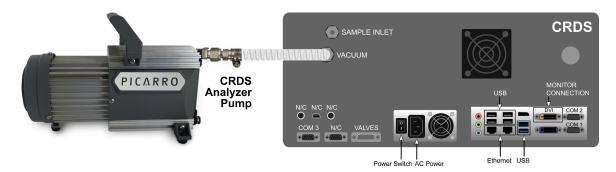


Figure 4 - Basic analyzer setup

#### 5.3.1 Instrument Dimensions and Placement

The A0344 Sage gas autosampler is 17" w X 13" h X 12.2" d (43.3 x 33.2 x 30 cm) and weighs 24.15 lb. (11.1 kg). It can be placed directly on top of a Picarro analyzer.



It is imperative that the A0344Sage gas autosampler, analyzer, and other peripherals have adequate ventilation and cooling to maintain the ambient temperature below 35 °C (95 °F) when operating.

Failure to provide adequate airflow, especially clearance at the front and rear panels, to ensure proper airflow and cooling to the equipment will result in overheating the analyzer, causing a shutdown and potential damage.

There should be 2" (5 cm) of clearance in the front and back of the equipment.

Thermal Specifications	Min	Max	Description
Ambient Operating	4 °C	40 °C	Worst-case environmental limits (unless otherwise specified)
Temperature	(40 °F)	(104 °F)	

## 5.4 A0344 Sage Startup and Setup

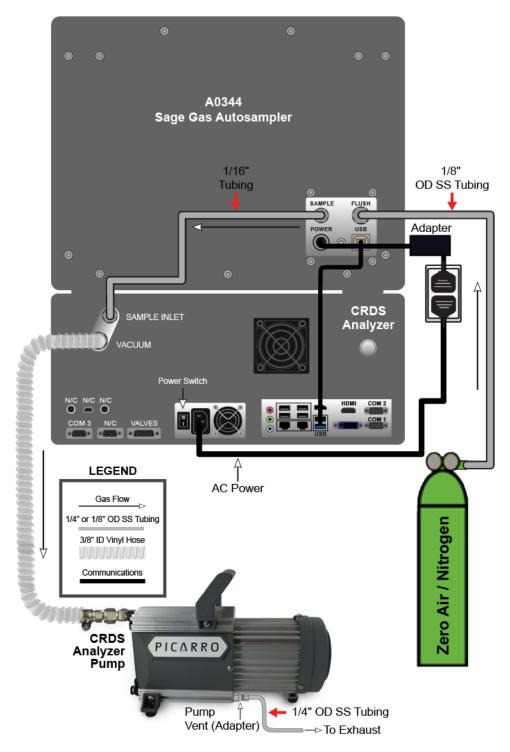


Figure 5 - A0344 Sage gas autosampler to analyzer connections



Before you begin, ensure all pre-installation requirements have been met. For information, see section 5.2 Pre-Installation Requirements.

- 1. Place the A0344 Sage gas autosampler on top or to the side of the analyzer.
- 2. Remove all gas port caps.
- 3. Plug in the communication cable and power cable to power-on the A0344 Sage gas autosampler.



#### NOTE

To ensure the best precision measurements, the companion analyzer should be allowed to run for at least 2 hrs prior to making the final gas connection from the A0344 Sage gas autosampler to the analyzer (the analyzer must be stabilized). There should be no gas connection between the A0344 Sage gas autosampler and analyzer as the analyzer is starting up.



#### NOTE

All gas connection ports on the A0344 Sage gas autosampler accept 1/4" Swagelok female connectors. When connecting gas lines to the ports, initially finger tighten the Swagelok fittings and then tighten the fittings another 1/4 turn using the provided 9/16" wrench.

4. Once all hardware connections have been made, you can run the Sage software. Refer to Chapter 6, Software in the manual.

PICARRO 6 Software

# 6 Software

The Picarro Sage Gas Autosampler software automates sample measurement and streamlines data analysis of the results. Powerful new tools generate real-time data visualizations, calibration curves, and other actionable data for faster, easier sample analysis and interpretation.

The Sage software has the following pages:

- Method
- Run
- Results
- Settings

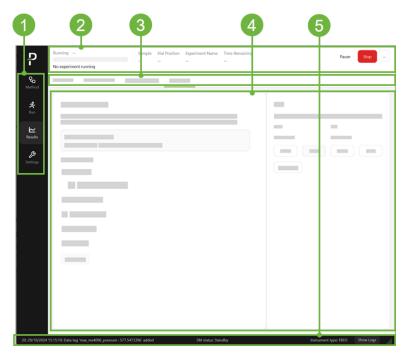
You'll use those pages to:

- Run an experiment
- View the results of an experiment

6 Software PIC Δ R R O

## 6.1 About the Pages

All pages share common elements that you'll use as you work with them. These include:



- Navigation menu, where you select pages.
- 2 Information about the currently running experiment.
- 3 If a page has multiple tabs, they appear here.
- 4 The active page area.
- 5 The status bar.

Figure 6 - Common elements of Sage pages

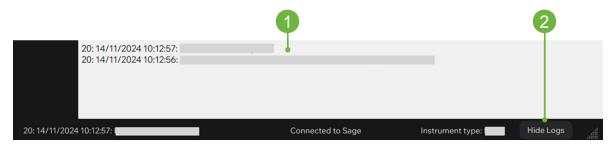
## 6.2 Information on the Status Bar

The status bar at the bottom of the application provides information about the current status of the application, its connection to an analyzer, and information logged by the application.



Figure 7 - Status bar example

You can view the logs by clicking **Show Logs**. The logs appear above the status bar and the button changes to *Hide Logs*. Click **Hide Logs** to hide the logs.

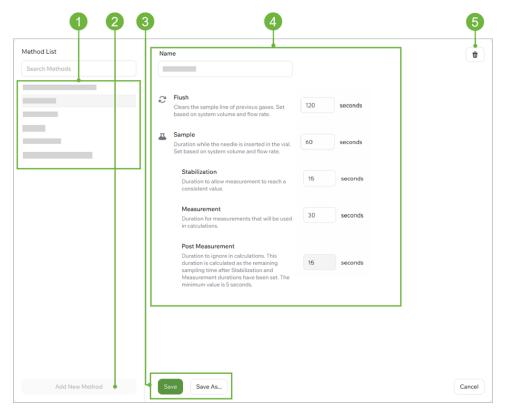


- The log items appear in a panel above the status bar.
- The button changes names to Hide Logs.

Figure 8 - Status bar example with the logs shown

## 6.3 The Method Page

The *Method* page shows the currently defined sampling methods available for your experiments. You can also create and define new sampling methods.



- List of defined sampling methods—selected method highlighted.
- 4 Details about the selected sampling method.
- 2 Click to add a sampling method.
- 6 Click to delete the selected method.
- 3 Click to save changes or save changes under a new name.

Figure 9 - The Method page

### 6.3.1 About Method Timing

The sampling methods determine how long each phase of the sampling takes. There are two primary phases:

**Flush**, which is the time specified to flush the lines so that the analyzer is ready to sample the gas in a vial. Gases for flushing could be zero air or  $N_2$  depending on the installed modes on the CRDS analyzer and the intended application.

**Sample**, which is the time specified for the autosampler to sample each vial. The sample time is divided into three phases, and the total number of seconds indicated for sampling is divided among them:

PIC Δ R R O 6 Software

• Stabilization, where the system begins taking on the gas from the sample but the line is not yet wholly composed of the sample gas, but may still contain the reference gas introduced during flushing. This time is set to ensure that the sample gas fully occupies the sampling lines.

- **Measurement**, where the sampling data is captured. This data is considered to be accurate during this phase.
- Post Measurement, where the autosampler has a few seconds to reset and finalize the readings from the sample. This value is the remainder of the difference between the Sample time minus the Stabilization and Measurement time values. You cannot edit this value other than by changing the values for the other three. The value must be more than 5 seconds and is recommended to be less than 30 seconds.

The method phases are color-coded in the plots.

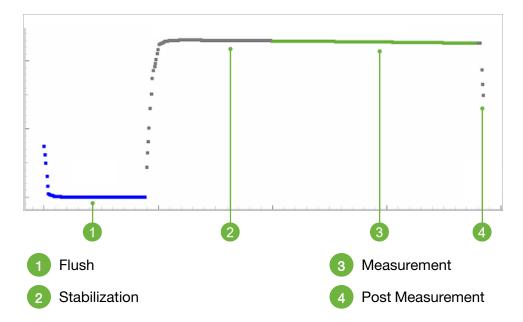


Figure 10 - Method phases and associated colors



The timing of stabilization and measurements should be chosen wisely, as including rise and fall of the peak data within the measurement will deteriorate the standard deviation of the data.

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## 6.4 The Run Page

You use the *Run* page to set up and run an experiment, and to monitor the experiment's results, which display in real-time as the experiment commences.

Run pages include:

- The Sample List tab, where you create and set up experiments.
- The Real Time tab, where you monitor the currently running experiment.

### 6.4.1 Sample List Tab

In the *Sample List* tab, you set up the experiment. You can create a new experiment or choose from existing experiments, modify settings, or duplicate.

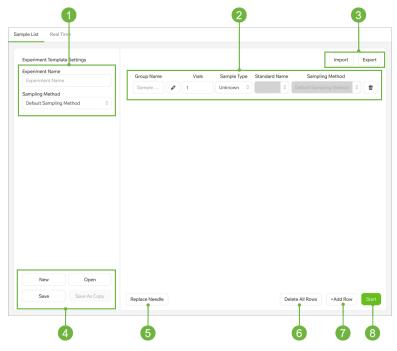
If you're creating a new experiment, you'll first provide a name for the experiment and select the sampling method you want to use. Then you'll add information in the *Sample List* area about your samples that you want to test.

Using the pop-up window, you can indicate the location on the tray for each group of vials you add to the sample group. For each sample group, you can also choose the sample type and standard name.



#### NOTE

After you start an experiment, information about the currently running experiment appears at the top of the Sage software page.



- 1 Experiment Template Settings area, where you can name your experiment and select a sampling method.
- 2 The Sample List area—including details, locations, and whether the vial isa standard or quality control sample.
- 3 Buttons to import or export a CSV file of the vial data.
- 4 Buttons to create, open, or save experiment data files.
- Figure 11 The Run page, Sample List tab

- 5 Button to replace the needle.
- 6 Removes all rows in the detail area for the selected experiment.
- 7 Adds a row to the list of vials in the experiment.
- 8 Starts the experiment.

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#### 6.4.2 Real Time Tab

The *Real Time* tab displays the current readings in real time. The readings are color coded to show the different stages, such as standby, flush, stabilization, measurement, and post-measurement stages.



- Status about the currently running experiment.
- 2 Aligns the display of the two graphs.
- 3 Click and drag to zoom in to view details. Double-click to zoom out.
- 4 Resets the graph so that it starts when clicked.

Figure 12 - The Run page, Real Time tab

## 6.5 The Results Page

You can view and interpret the results of your experiments on the Results page. The Results page has four tabs:

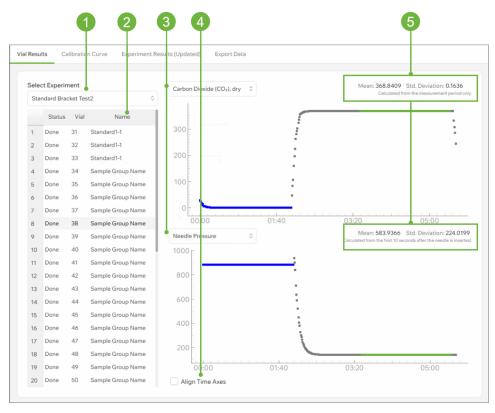
- Vial Results
- Calibration Curve
- Experiment Results
- Export Data

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#### 6.5.1 The Vial Results Tab

The Vial Results tab displays a list of vials, their names, and their status for a selected experiment. You can view two available species measurements in plots and view the mean and standard deviation calculations derived during the measurement period.

The plots let you evaluate the quality of the sampling process—you can see every time point for each variable and determine if there was an issue with a specific measurement, such as a leak, improper pressurization, or the zero air turned off.



- Select an experiment to load the vial list.
- 2 List of vials.
- 3 Data selection box.

Figure 13 - The Results page, Vial Results tab

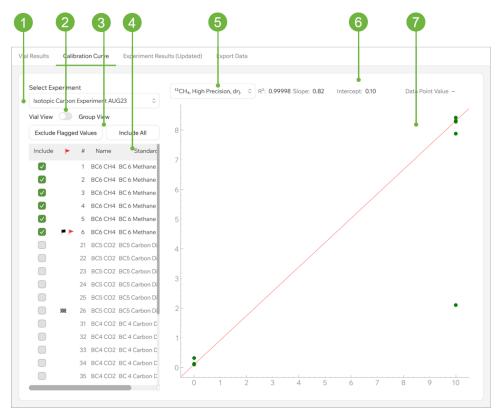
- 4 Aligns the time axis on both plots.
- 5 Calculated mean and standard deviation for the displayed variable.

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#### 6.5.2 The Calibration Curve Tab

On the calibration curve page, you can view the already-selected experiment or select a different one from the drop list.

If the experiment measured a series of standards, the Sage Software can use the values to construct a calibration curve. This calibration can then be used to calculate an adjusted or "corrected" result for each vial. You can exclude the results from individual vials if they appear as outliers to ensure that the calibration curve is as accurate as possible.



- 1 The selected experiment
- 2 Switch to view by individual vials, or by groups of vials
- 3 Buttons to automatically exclude all flagged vials, or to include all vials regardless of outlier flags
- 4 Vial list, showing which are included, which are outliers, and which are excluded

- 5 The species for which the calibration curve is calculated
- 6 Calculations for the included vials
- 7 The calibration curve

Figure 14 - The Results page, Calibration Curve tab

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#### **View Calibration Curve Details**

Click a point on the calibration curve to highlight the corresponding vial in the vial list on the left pane.

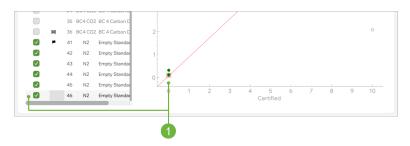


Figure 15 - Drag to view detailed measurement points

You may need to zoom in to see multiple vial measurements that are closely spaced on the curve. To do so, drag within the calibration curve area around the point of interest.

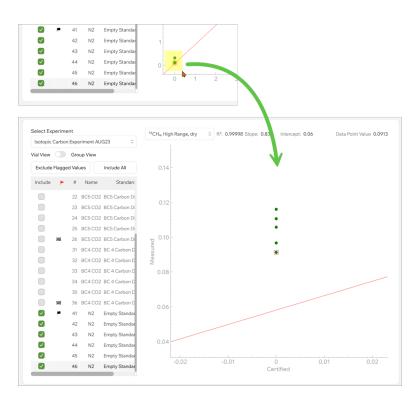


Figure 16 - Drag to zoom in on tightly grouped points

Double-click within the calibration curve to return to normal zoom.

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#### Flags on the Calibration Curve Page

Flags indicate results of the automatic outlier calculations, depending on which species (or data key) is selected to view.

- Red flag indicates a pressure outlier.
- Solid black flag indicates a measurement outlier for the selected species or data key.
- Checkered black flag indicates that there is a measurement outlier for that vial, but not for the selected species or data key.



Automatic flags are not a substitute for review by an expert. They are simply an indication of a possible outlier. Sometimes outliers may be missed or non-outliers may be flagged.

Flagged items display details when hovered over.

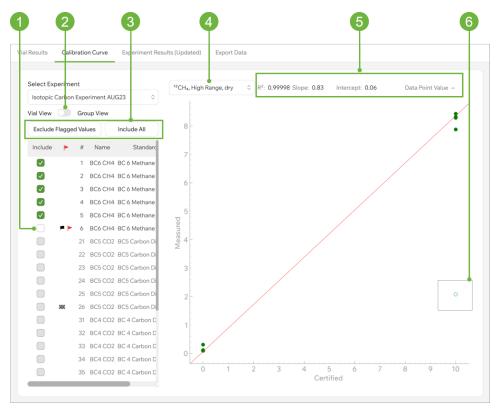


Figure 17 - Hover over a flag to view details

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#### **Removing Outliers**

You can exclude outliers and problem vial readings by clearing the check box next to vial number.



- Flagged vial readings can be excluded individually by clearing the **Include** check box.
- 2 Shows vials individually or by sample groups.
- 3 Excludes all flagged readings or includes all readings.

- Select the species sampled.
- 5 The calculated data updates as values are excluded or included.
- 6 Excluded values are shown with a hollow circle.

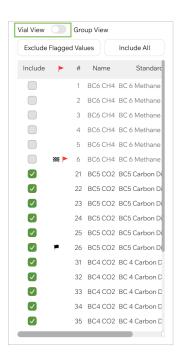
Figure 18 - Exclude flagged values to correct the data calculations

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#### View by Sample Groups

You can also view the vial results by the <u>group assigned when creating the sample list.</u> In doing so, you can exclude entire sample groups.

If you select a group, the associated vials appear in the bottom pane, where you can work with them as in the vial view.



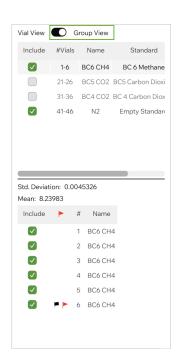


Figure 19 - Vial View compared to Group View

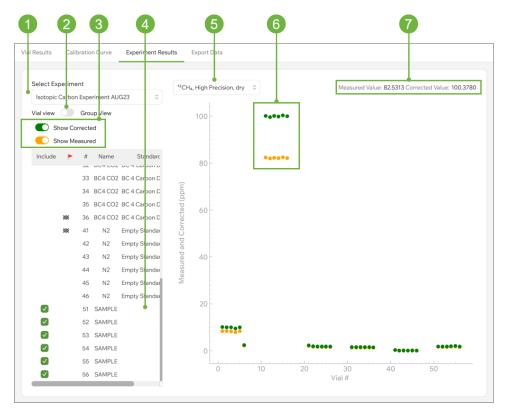
### 6.5.3 The Experiment Results Tab

The Experiment Results tab displays the measured and corrected results of the experiment. Like the Calibration tab, you can include or exclude readings from your results.

Measurement values are shown for all sample types on this tab. If a calibration curve has been calculated for the displayed species, both the originally measured value and the corrected value can be displayed here.



You can't include or exclude standards from this page, as doing so would alter the calibration curve without seeing the effect.



- 1 The selected experiment.
- 2 Shows individual or groups of vials.
- 3 Show or hides corrected or measured values.
- 4 Vials included in the results show with a selected check box.
- 5 The selected species.
- 6 Corrected values are shown in green; measured values are in yellow.
- 7 Calculated values.

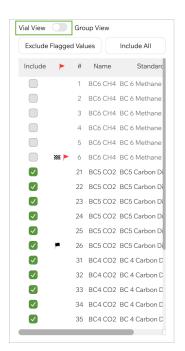
Figure 20 - The Results page, Experiment Results tab

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#### View by Sample Groups

You can also view the vial results by the <u>group assigned when creating the sample list.</u> In doing so, you can exclude entire sample groups.

If you select a group, the associated vials appear in the bottom pane, where you can work with them as in the vial view.



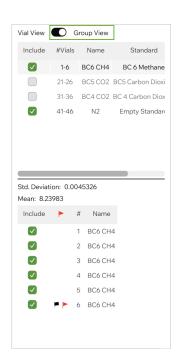


Figure 21 - Vial View compared to Group View

### 6.5.4 The Export Data Tab

Once you are satisfied with the results, you can export the data to csv file format. They can then continue data analysis according to your individual research needs.



The modifications you make, such as excluding vials, are not saved within the software. Instead, you must export the data in order to have a record of the results.

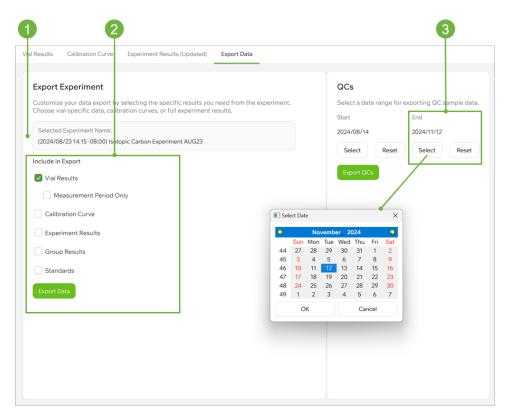
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The experiment that you selected on the previous *Results* page tab is automatically selected here for data export. You can select the type of export file or type of data. Each check box corresponds to a different kind of export file with different information.

You can also export Quality Control (QC) sample measurements that may carry across several months of experiments. You can select a date range for the QC data.

Exported data is saved on your local disk in this location:

C:\Users\[User Name]\Documents\Picarro Sage



- 1 The selected experiment.
- 2 Select which data to include from the experiment.
- 3 Export a range of QC data. To specify the start or end date range, click Select and choose a date on the date picker.

Figure 22 - The Results page, Export Data tab

### 6.6 The Settings Page

You can use the Settings page to set or change the default settings, or when you want to manage standards, or manually control the autosampler. Settings pages include:

The <u>Settings</u> tab, where you can set serial port connection and specify how long that the system keeps data.

A0344 User Manual PN 40-0137, REV A 42

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The <u>Standards</u> tab, where you can view an existing standard, edit an existing standard, or create a new standard.

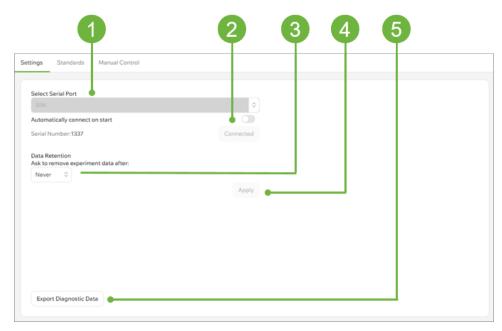
The Manual Control tab, where you can control individual components of the autosampler for troubleshooting purposes.

### 6.6.1 The Settings Tab

You use this tab to specify the serial port to connect to and whether the system should connect automatically on startup. You can also set up a data retention duration after which the Sage Software will notify you that data exceeds that time frame and ask whether you wish to delete it. A



The Sage Software will prompt you on startup if data is older than the time period selected for the Data Retention field, but will not automatically delete data. If you choose to wait until later, it will prompt you again the next time you start up the software.



- Select the serial port if it isn't automatically detected.
- 2 Click to remember the automatically detected serial port. Clear to forget and detect it again at startup.
- 3 Select a timeframe for data retention.
- 4 Click to apply the Data Retention settings.
- 5 Click to export diagnostic data for troubleshooting.

Figure 23 - The Settings page, Settings tab

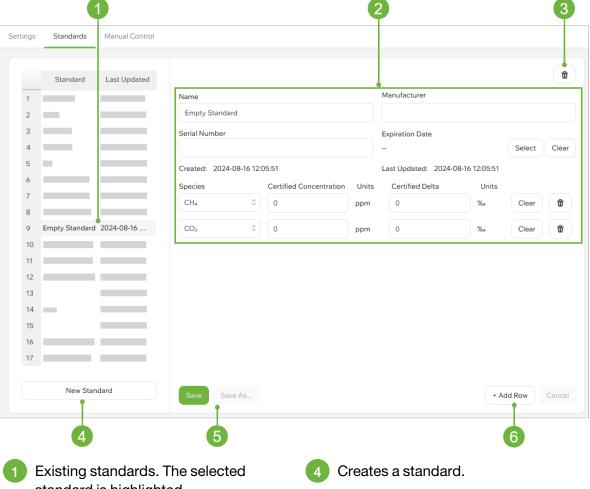
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#### 6.6.2 The Standards Tab

On the Standards tab, you define standards that can be used in your experiments. Standards specify a physical tank of gas with specific certified concentrations or deltas (or both).

The page contains a list of standards, and the details defined within it. You can add new standards, edit and save changes you make to standards, and duplicate standards by saving as a new name before editing the copy.

To see the details for a standard, select it from the list to populate the details area.



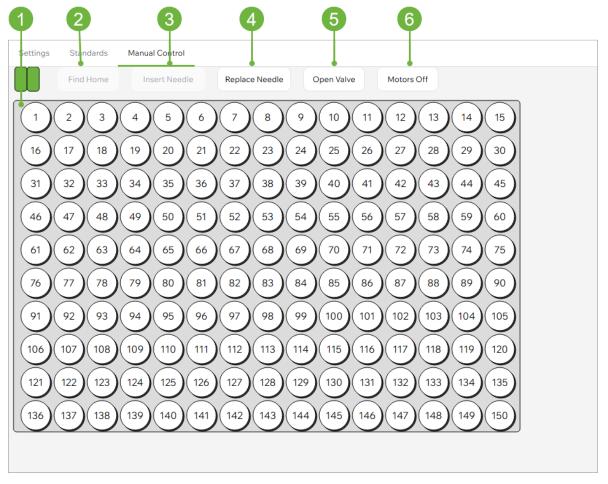
- standard is highlighted.
- Details for the standard.
- Deletes the selected standard.
- Saves changes you make to a standard, or saves a copy.
- Adds a row to the standard.

Figure 24 - The Settings page, Standards tab

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#### 6.6.3 The Manual Control Tab

You can use the Manual Control tab to troubleshoot the autosampler or your sample preparation. This page lets you specify a vial position and move the needle to it, raise and lower the needle, open and close the valve, and change a needle.



- A visual representation of the tray of vials. Select a position to move the needle to that location.
- 2 Click **Find Home** to return the needle to the standby position.
- 3 Click Insert Needle to insert the needle into the selected vial. Click Raise Needle to withdraw the needle.
- 4 Click **Replace Needle** to pause the system so that you can change the needle.
- 5 Click **Open Valve** to open the valve. Click **Close Valve** to close it.
- 6 Click **Motors Off** to stop the motors from actively maintaining the position of the arm.

Figure 25 - The Settings page, Manual Control tab

PICARRO 7 Run an Experiment

# Run an Experiment

Running an experiment on the A0344 Sage gas autosampler occurs in two phases: the work you do setting up the physical sampling vials and trays, and the sampling done automatically by the A0344 Sage gas autosampler using the software settings you choose.

Here's an overview of the process, with links to the detailed procedures you'll follow to conduct the experiment.

#### To run an experiment:

- 1. Evacuate the vials you will use in your experiment. Follow your preferred method. You can also evacuate vials using a Picarro pump and the sample preparation kit A0346.
- 2. Place the vials in the autosampler tray. You'll want to mark and identify the location and contents of each vial, including which are used for calibration.

You can do this downloading a comma-separated value (CSV) file from the Sage software and then using your favorite spreadsheet tool to document them. You can later import the file to quickly populate the experiment data.



Ideally each sample experiment should include a set of 3 standards per variable. A minimum of two standards is a must to be able to use the calibration feature of Sage software. You can also add Quality Control (QC) vials in each experiment. Sage software is enabled with the tracking of QC data over time.

- 3. Fill the vials with the gas samples from a tank or gas bag or other container.
- 4. Place the vials in the autosampler and close the cover.



The autosampler is designed to operate only with the cover closed. You should never attempt to enter the autosampler chamber while it is running as it can move unexpectedly and cause bodily injury or equipment damage.

- 5. Power on your analyzer and launch the Sage software app once you've completed the physical setup of the experiment.
- 6. Create or select the standards you want to use for the experiment. Ideally, you'll have at least three standards for each experiment, but a minimum of two is required. (You can also create quality control standards.)

- 7. Create or select the method for the experiment.
- 8. Define your experiment by entering experiment details, including the vial location and contents on the tray.

You can enter vial data values manually or import a CSV file to add the detail rows quickly.

9. Click **Start** to begin the experiment.

#### Prepare Vials for an Experiment 7.1

As you prepare your vials for an experiment, you must first evacuate the vials, and then fill the evacuated vials with gas from an external source.



For information about evacuating vials using a Picarro vacuum pump, see Appendix A, **Evacuate Vials.** 

#### 7.1.1 Fill Vials from a Tank

Follow the steps below to transfer calibration gas directly from a gas tank or cylinder into the A0344 Sage exetainer vials.

#### To transfer calibration gas from a tank or cylinder:

- 1. Evacuate the vials to remove any gasses. For information on evacuating vials, see Appendix A, Evacuate Vials.
- 2. Use the 1/8" tubing in the A0344 Sage sample preparation kit to connect to the included luer lock using 1/8" compression fitting.
- 3. Connect the included needle to the luer lock and prepare the tubing.
- 4. Prepare the standard gas tank with a 2-stage regulator and connect the prepared tubing to the regulator.
- 5. Ensure the gas tank regulator and tubing connections are leak tight.



NOTE

Refer to Picarro video tutorial webpage for leak-check tutorials.

6. Once the connections are set, open the valve from the gas tank, and adjust the delivery pressure to less than 9 psi on the delivery stage of the regulator.

When you open the safety cover of the needle, you will feel gas passing through the needle. Use caution around the open end of the needle.

- 7. Place evacuated vials in an external sample preparation holder tray.
- 8. Insert the needle, while the gas flow is on, through the septum of the vial.
- 9. Hold this set-up steady, without bending the needle, for approximately 10 seconds.
- 10. Swiftly lift the needle out of the vial.
- 11. Repeat the previous three steps for each vial you want to fill with the gas.



When you switch to a different gas tank, flush the lines before filling vials to avoid contamination with the previous concentration of standard gas.

### 7.1.2 Fill Vials from a Gas Bag or Other Sources

Follow the steps below to transfer a gas sample from gas bags or other sources into the A0344 Sage exetainer vials.



Figure 26 - Preparing to fill vials from a gas bag

#### To fill vials from a gas bag or other source:

- Evacuate the vials to remove any gasses.
   For information on evacuating vials, see Appendix A, Evacuate Vials.
- 2. Arrange pre-labeled and pre-evacuated vials in the external sample holding tray. For each sample, we recommend three replicate vials.
- 3. Use the Teflon tape to make a leak-tight connection of the included syringe and needle.
- 4. Ensure there is a septum through which the syringe with needle can be used to extract gas sample.



Figure 27 - Filling a syringe from a gas bag

- 5. Extract 60 mL of gas sample from the source.
- 6. Insert the needle of the syringe into the evacuated vial.
- 7. Open the valve.

Pre-evacuated vials take in the gas sample as soon as the needle is inserted and the valve is opened on the syringe.

8. Push the syringe such that up to 20 mL of sample gas has been inserted into the vial.



Figure 28 - Filling the vial

9. Repeat the transfer process to fill the remaining vials.



This procedure can also be used to fill gas bags with calibration gases ahead of time.

### 7.2 Download the CSV File

You can download a comma-separated value (CSV) file that you can use to document the location and contents of the vials offline, and then import later to quickly add the information in your experiment.

To download a blank sample list as a comma-separated value (CSV) file:

- 1. Click **Run** to load the *Run* page, *Sample List* tab.
- 2. Click Export.
- 3. Locate the destination folder and type a file name for the export file and click Save.

The exported file, when opened, resembles the figure below, with column heads and one sample row of data.

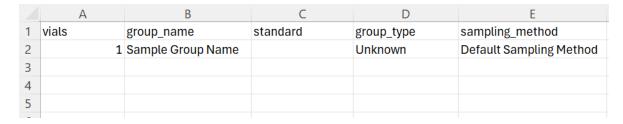


Figure 29 - The csv export file opened in a spreadsheet program

### 7.3 Working with Standards

A standard determines the gas species, including concentration and delta, that will be used as the known value to compare against.

#### 7.3.1 Create a Standard

You can create one or more standards that specify the certified concentration and/or delta for the species of interest.

#### To create a standard:

- 1. On the Settings page, click the Standards tab.
- 2. In the left pane, click **New Standard**.
- 3. In the right pane, in the **Name** field, type a name for the standard.

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- (Optional) In the Manufacturer field, type a name for the manufacturer of the tank or standard.
- 5. (Optional) In the **Serial Number** field, type the serial number of the tank or standard.
- 6. (Optional) Click **Select** in the *Expiration Date* area to select an expiration date for the sample.
- 7. In the **Species** drop-down, select the species for the sample.
- 8. In the **Certified Concentration** field, enter a value in parts-per-million (ppm) of the species for the sample.
- 9. In the **Certified Delta** field, enter a value as a percentage.



#### NOTE

You can add additional species entries for the sample.

- To add additional species entries, click Add Row and complete the fields.
- To remove rows, click the Delete button at the end of the row you want to remove.
- 10. Click Save to save the standard.

#### 7.3.2 Edit a Standard

You can edit an existing standard and then save it under the same name, or save as a new name to duplicate the standard.

#### To edit a standard:

- 1. On the Settings page, click the Standards tab.
- 2. In the left pane, click the name of the standard you want to edit.
- 3. Modify the fields you want to change.
- Click Save to save the standard.

OR

Click Save As to save the standard under a different name.

### 7.3.3 Duplicate a Standard

You can open an existing standard and then save it under a new name to duplicate the standard.

#### To duplicate a standard:

- 1. On the *Settings* page, click the **Standards** tab.
- 2. In the left pane, click the name of the standard you want to duplicate.

- 3. (Optional) Modify the fields you want to change.
- 4. Click **Save As** to save the standard under a different name.

### 7.4 Working with Methods

A method determines the timing of the sampling process, from the initial flushing of the analyzer lines to the time to allow for stabilization of the gas within the lines, the actual sampling times, and time between sampling sequences for the system to reset.

You can access methods on the Methods page.

#### 7.4.1 View and Select a Method

#### To view details about a defined sampling method:

1. In the *Method* page, select the sampling method you want to view. The method values appear in the details area.

#### 7.4.2 Add a Method

#### To add a new method:

- In the Method page, click Add New Method.
   The Enter Method Name dialog box appears.
- 2. Enter a name for the sampling method you want to add.
- 3. Click OK.

The new sampling method displays in the Method List and in the details area.

- 4. In the **Flush** box, enter the number of seconds required to clear the lines of previous gasses. This duration will vary depending on the flow rate and the system volume.
- 5. In the **Sample** box, enter the number of seconds the equipment will take readings from the samples. This value will equal the cumulative value of the *Stabilization*, *Measurement*, and *Post Measurement* boxes.
- 6. In the **Stabilization** box, enter the number of seconds you want to allow the equipment to rest and stabilize after flushing the system of previous gasses.
- 7. In the **Measurement** box, enter the number of seconds for each reading.
- 8. In the **Post Measurement** box, review the number of seconds the equipment should pause after each reading.



The post-measurement duration is calculated automatically as the difference between the *Sample* box and the values in the *Stabilization* and *Measurement* boxes. If the value is outside the optimal range of 5-30 seconds, adjust the values in the other boxes until this value is within the optimal range.

9. Click Save to save the method.

#### 7.4.3 Edit a Method

#### To edit a method:

- 1. In the *Method* page, select the sampling method you want to edit.
- 2. Adjust the values as appropriate.
- 3. Click Save.

### 7.4.4 Duplicate a Method

#### To duplicate a method:

- 1. In the *Method* page, select the sampling method you want to duplicate.
- 2. Adjust the values as appropriate.
- 3. Click Save As...
- 4. In the **Enter Method Name** box, enter a name for the revised sampling method and click **OK**.

#### 7.4.5 Delete a Method

#### To delete an existing method:

- 1. In the *Method* page, select the sampling method you want to edit.
- 2. Click **Delete**.
- 3. In the Confirm Deletion box, click Yes to delete it.

### 7.5 Add Experiment Details

Once you've prepared your samples and selected the experiment's standard and method, create the experiment details file, where you enter the location of each vial and its contents on the <u>Sample List</u> tab on the <u>Run</u> page.

If you created a comma-separated value (CSV) file of the sample list, you can import that file to quickly complete the details about the samples.

Once you've added all details, you can start the experiment.

### 7.5.1 Create a New Experiment

When you create a new experiment, you name it and choose a default sampling method. Then you enter the sample details, including the location of vials, their type (unknown, standard, or QC) and their content, the standard name (if the content type is standard), and the sampling method to use, if different from the experiment's default.

#### To create a new experiment:

- 1. On the *Run* page, click the Sample List tab.
- 2. In the **Experiment Name** field, type a name for the experiment.
- 3. In the **Sampling Method** field, select the desired sampling method for the experiment.
- In the right pane, enter information about each group of samples.
   You can enter the sample group information manually or from a CSV import file.
- 5. Click **Save** to save the experiment file.

### 7.5.2 Add Sample Details to an Experiment

Each experiment lists the specifics of vial location and contents. You do that on the right pane of the *Sample List* tab of the *Run* page.



Follow these steps to manually add details for your samples. You can also <u>import a CSV</u> <u>file</u> to quickly add this information.

#### To manually add sample details:

1. In the **Group Name** field, type a name that describes the group.



**NOTE** 

Providing a group name allows you to group like samples and to view the measurement results individually or by groups on the Results page.

2. Click / to see the Vial Selection pop-up.

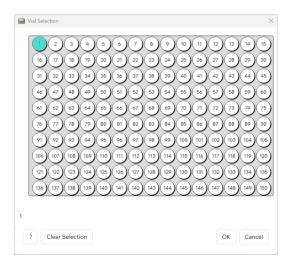


Figure 30 - The Vial Selection pop-up

Click individual vial locations on the tray to specify where this sample group is located.

Click and drag a range of locations.



Depending on your planned sampling sequence, there is an option to drag and select a row, which can be assigned to one sample group. For example, if a standard gas will be analyzed in 3 replicate vials, you can drag and select one row (highlighting 3 vial locations) and assign that group to the standard.

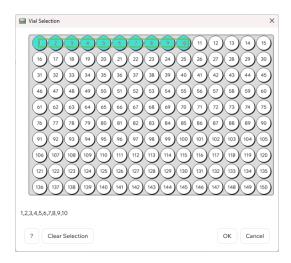


Figure 31 - Drag to specify multiple locations on the Vial Selection pop-up

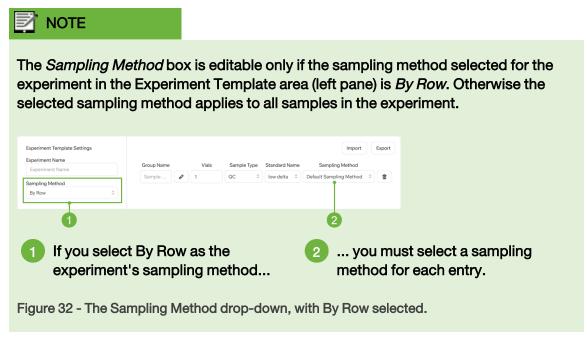


You can also specify locations by typing the locations directly in the Vials field.

4. In the **Sample Type** box, select the type of sample for this group.

You can choose from:

- Unknown the vials containing the samples you want to test.
- Standard the vials containing the gas species identified in a standard.
- QC vials containing a known version of the species you want to use as a quality control for the experiment.
- 5. If the sample type is *Standard*, in the **Standard Name** box, select the standard to apply.
- 6. In the **Sampling Method** box, select the sampling method, if different from the default.



- 7. To add an additional sample group row, click +Add Row.
- 8. Follow the above steps to complete the information for each sample group row.

### 7.5.3 Import Sample Details for an Experiment

The Sample List provides the details of vial location and contents. You do that on the right pane of the *Sample List* tab of the *Run* page.

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Follow these steps to import a CSV file to quickly add this information. You can also manually add details for your samples.

### To import sample details:

- 1. Click Import.
- 2. In the Open Sample List dialog box, locate the CSV file you want to import.
- 3. Click Open to import the file.

PICARRO 8 View Results

# 8 View Results

You can view results as soon as an experiment has completed. You'll do that on the *Results* page.

For the *Vial Results*, *Calibration Curve*, and *Experiment Results* tabs, you'll first need to select an experiment to see the data.

### 8.1 Using the Vial Results Tab

The Vial Results tab provides data for each vial in the experiment. You can select a vial from the list and then choose a variable for each of the upper and lower plots. When you do that, you'll see the measurement data for that vial plotted in graph form.

To quickly compare the two variables against multiple vials, select the vial from the list and press the up and down arrow keys to scroll through the plots for each of the vials. Doing this might enable you to detect vials that produced measurements that are outliers, due perhaps to a leaky septum or under-pressurized vial.

You can also compare multiple variables for an individual vial. Select the vial you want and then select the first variable in the upper plot. Press the up and down arrow keys to scroll through the variables for that vial.

To view the variable data plots with the same time frame and zoom level, select Align Time Axes. When you zoom in on one plot, the other zooms in at the same level.

For additional information on using the Vial Results tab, see 6.5.1 The Vial Results Tab.

### 8.2 Using the Calibration Curve Tab

The Calibration Curve tab calculates a calibration curve based on the vial measurements. You can detect and exclude outliers and problem readings to ensure that your data is accurate.

You can view the list of vials in two ways:

- As individual vials based on their tray location.
- As groups of vials based on how they were grouped when entered into the *Sample List* tab on the *Run* page.

For example, you may have grouped samples based on a commonality such as field work date or location. Viewing by group enables you to view statistics across all vials in a group, include or exclude a group's samples, or exclude all other samples to focus on a single group.

The Sage Software automatically flags measurements with anomalous data so that you can look more closely to determine if they are outliers and should be excluded. You can choose whether to exclude them, and you can also exclude outliers that you detected based on your evaluation of the measurements on the *Vial Results* tab.

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As you include or exclude vial measurements, the calibration curve is recalculated in real time.

For additional information on using the *Calibration Curve* tab, see 6.5.2 The Calibration Curve Tab.

### 8.3 Using the Experiment Results Tab

On the Experiment Results tab, you can toggle between corrected (i.e. calibrated against the chosen calibration curve from the section above) and measured (i.e. not calibrated) values.

Like the *Vial Results* tab, you can press the up and down arrow keys to scroll through the vials or the variables. And like the Calibration Curve tab, you can view the list of vials either individually or by groups.



#### NOTE

If you make a change on the Calibration Curve tab, such as by including or excluding a vial reading, the tab name changes to *Experiment Results (Updated)* to indicate that the values on this tab have changed. The tab name reverts back when you visit the *Experiment Results* tab.

For additional information on using the *Experiment Results* tab, see 6.5.3 The Experiment Results Tab.

### 8.4 Using the Export Data Tab

You can customize and download data on the *Export Data* tab.

You can choose which data measurements or calculations you want to include from the *Include in Export* list. Select a check box to include the corresponding data. The data in this export is limited to the selected experiment.

The exported data can be used offline as spreadsheets on external computers for archiving and further evaluation and processing.



#### **CAUTION**

Do not install third-party data processing applications on the Picarro analyzer.

You can also export Quality Control (QC) data for a range of dates. This QC export is not limited to a single experiment.

Exported data is saved on your local disk in this location:

C:\Users\[User Name]\Documents\Picarro Sage

PICARRO 8 View Results

For additional information on using the Export Data tab, see 6.5.4 The Export Data Tab.

### 8.5 Understanding Results

The Sage software creates graphs of the vial measurements to visually represent the data. An example is shown below.

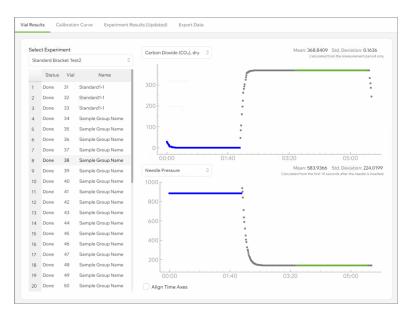


Figure 33 - A sample view of the Results page

Figure 33 displays various stages of sampling a vial.

The blue stage is the *flush* stage, where the lines are being flushed with UZA/N2 and hence the vial result displays a near zero CO<sub>2</sub> value.

As soon as sampling phase begins, the needle punctures the septum, which is generally accompanied by a rise in needle pressure and then a steep fall. This is the *stabilization* stage and it displays the steady rise of  $CO_2$  as the analyzer starts measuring the actual vial's sample gas.

The green phase is the *measurement* phase which is used by the Sage software to calculate individual vial results. Once the measurement is completed, the sampling ends by a *post measurement* phase, as the needle steadily retracts form the vial.



The timing of stabilization and measurements should be chosen wisely, as including rise and fall of the peak data within the measurement will deteriorate the standard deviation of the data.

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PICARRO 9 Maintenance

### 9 Maintenance

To ensure the best performance of your A0344 Sage gas autosampler, follow these guidelines:

- Replace the needle after 2000 injections.
- Follow best practices for maintaining the CRDS analyzer.
- If using the external evacuation pump and 4-way valve system (refer to appendix for evacuation of vials), ensure pump is powered off as soon as evacuation sequence is completed, and 4-way valve turned to A0344 Sage-CRDS direction.

### 9.1 Replace the Needle

The needle should be replaced after 2000 injections.



After replacing a needle, best practice is to test the needle position and operation by using the Manual Control options on one or more vials.



Before replacing a needle, ensure that the A0344 Sage is not currently active in an experiment. The XYZ arm can move suddenly and unexpectedly when autosampling and may cause bodily injury and damage to the instrument.

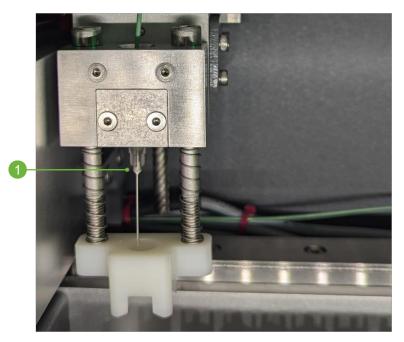
#### To replace the needle:

- 1. Start the Sage software and go to the *Settings* page, *Manual Control* tab.
- 2. Click Replace Needle.

The XYZ arm moves to the needle-change position.

- 3. Open the cover of the A0344 Sage autosampler.
- 4. Disconnect the current needle from the luer lock at the XYZ arm of the A0344 Sage autosampler.

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The needle in the luer lock.

Figure 34 - The needle inside the autosampler

- 5. Replace with the new needle.
- 6. Ensure the needle is connected and locked into the luerlock of the XYZ arm.
- 7. Close the cover on the A0344 Sage autosampler.
- 8. Click Done.

### 9.2 Replace the Needle During an Experiment

If you must replace a needle during an experiment, you must first pause the experiment.

To replace the needle during an experiment:



While an experiment is in progress, the Replace Needle button is disabled.

1. On the Run page, press Pause.

The instrument completes the sampling of the current vial and then the arm moves to its home position. No further samples will be taken.

2. Click Replace Needle.

The arm moves to a convenient location for needle replacement.

PICARRO 9 Maintenance

- 3. Open the cover of the A0344 Sage autosampler.
- 4. Disconnect the current needle from the luer lock at the XYZ arm of the A0344 Sage autosampler.
- 5. Replace with the new needle.
- 6. Ensure the needle is connected and locked into the luer lock of the XYZ arm.
- 7. Close the cover.
- 8. Click **Done** when the needle has been replaced.
- 9. Click **Resume** to continue the experiment.

10 Troubleshooting PIC ΔRRO

# 10 Troubleshooting

### 10.1 Test the vacuum in the vials: the bubble test

It is important to test the vacuum in the vials that will be used. An easy way of testing the vacuum is the bubble test.

#### To bubble-test vials:

- 1. Take 10 evacuated exetainers.
- 2. Take a needle (no syringe) (22Ga works).
- 3. Hold the exetainer under water, and put the needle in the septum.
- 4. Wait for the vial to fill with water.
- 5. Repeat for the other exetainers.
- 6. Look at the size of the bubble left in the exetainers.

The bubbles should be small (2-3 mm) and equal in size for all exetainers.



Figure 35 - Vials filled with water, showing equal small bubbles, indicating good vials

### 10.2 Leaks

#### **Needle Pressure**

Good injections typically have a higher needle pressure reading as soon as the needle punctures the septum during an injection for sampling. However, lower pressure does not necessarily suggest a bad injection. The image below shows a vial reading as an outlier because it had low needle pressure at the start of sampling. This is likely because of an under-pressurized vial or a leaky septum.



Vial data with good needle pressure

2 Vial data with poor needle pressure

Figure 36 - Plots indicating that the needle pressure is faulty

#### **Outlet valve**

Outlet valve behavior can also be used to track bad injections.



Figure 37 - A good and bad injection differs in outlet valve behavior

10 Troubleshooting PIC ΔRRO

## 10.3 Septum Caps Over-Tightened

Caps should be optimally tightened and too much tightness leads to septum kink and subsequent leaks.



It is very important not to over-tighten the caps. The butyl rubber septum will be pushed into the vial. Holes from previous piercings of the septa will open up. It is likely that the vial will leak. It is also possible that the needle will bend when the caps are too tight.

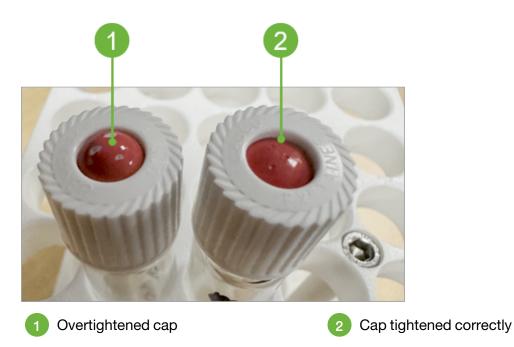
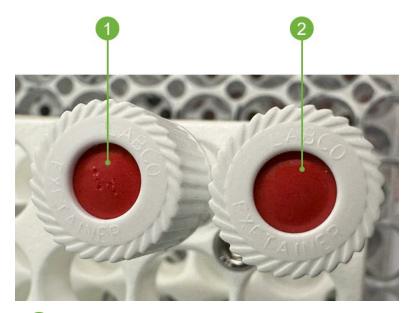


Figure 38 - Septa caps tightened correctly and over-tightened

### 10.4 Reused Septa

Septa that have been reused and punctured multiple times may have difficulty sealing.



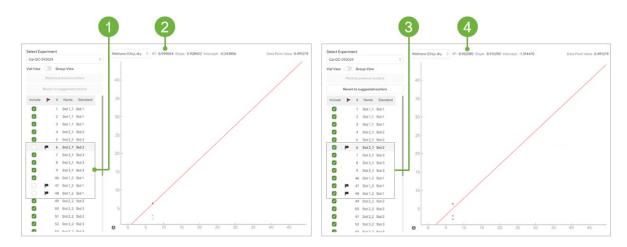
- A septum with multiple punctures
- 2 An unused septum

Figure 39 - Bad and good septa

### 10.5 Outliers on Calibration Curve

Check for outliers. Flagged data points should be reviewed by users and excluded from calibration as appropriate. Some outliers may also exist in concentration or isotope variables, which need to be reviewed and excluded accordingly. Below is an example of how R<sup>2</sup> improves based on inclusion or exclusion of outliers.

10 Troubleshooting PIC Δ R R O



- Excluding the outliers (flagged)...
- 2 ... increases the R<sup>2</sup> value closer to 1.0
- 3 When outliers are included...
- ... the R<sup>2</sup> value moves farther away from 1.0.

Figure 40 - Outliers on the calibration curve

### 10.6 Manual Control of the Sage Gas Autosampler

You can use the <u>Manual Control</u> options, located on the <u>Settings</u> page, to test or troubleshoot the autosampler or your sample preparation setup.

The manual control of the A0344 Sage can help you troubleshoot and perform preventative maintenance.

For example, from this page you can:

- Move the arm to an optimal spot for needle replacement.
- Turn on or off the valve for the flush gas tank valve.
- Move the arm to the home position.
- Test the behaviors of XYZ arm by manually selecting a vial position.
- Export diagnostic data to help your service representative troubleshoot remotely.

PICARRO 10 Troubleshooting

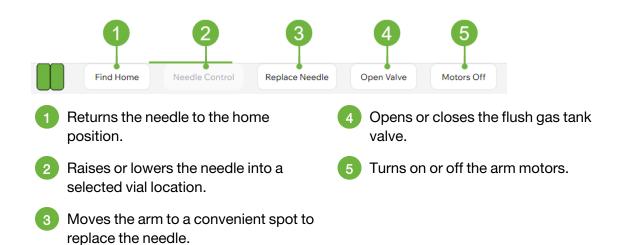


Figure 41 - Manual Control buttons

### 10.7 Export Data for Troubleshooting

You can export diagnostic data to help your service representative troubleshoot remotely.

#### To export data remotely:

- 1. In Sage software, click **Settings** and then **Manual Control**.
- 2. On the Manual Control page, click Export Diagnostic Data.
- 3. Provide a name for the saved data file.
- 4. Click Export.

A Evacuate Vials PIC Δ R R O

# A Evacuate Vials

Before filling the vials with the gas you intend to measure, you must first evacuate the vials from any gasses to ensure a valid reading. Follow the instructions below to evacuate vials using a Picarro A2000 or similar external vacuum pump.

Table 4 - Sample preparation kit for A0344 Sage gas autosampler (P/N A0346)

Description	Quantity
For evacuation	
1/16" tubing for the sample line (green)	4 feet
1/16" compression fittings Swagelok	1
Swagelok adapter to 3/8" pump hose	1
Idex 4-way valve	1
For standard gas filling from tanks	
1/8" OD tubing bev-A-Line	1
Nipro Needle	10
Luer lock fitting for 1/8"	1
1/8" compression fitting, nut and ferrule set	4
For transfer of sample gas from bag to evacuated vials	
Syringe	1
Sideport Needle, 21G	1
Stopcock	1
Gas sample bag	1
2-way Swagelok valve SS-41GS2	1

PICARRO A Evacuate Vials



#### Before you begin:

- Use Sage Vial Preparation kit (A0346) as you follow the vial evacuation steps.
- Ensure the A2000 pump's voltage is set as per the local guidelines and connected to power.

#### To evacuate vials using an external vacuum pump:

1. Using the setup below ensure, 4-way valve is now turned to evacuation.

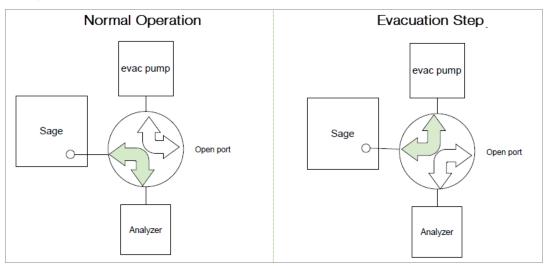


Figure 42 - Setup of the four-way valve



This setup ensures that, while the external pump is used to evacuate vials using A0344 Sage gas autosampler, the analyzer's inlet is allowing ambient air to flow in. Any deviation from this setup may result in chocking of the sample inlet of CRDS analyzer and cause damage to cavity over time.

- 2. Launch the Sage software application.
- 3. From the main menu, click the **Method** and, if you do not have an existing evacuation method, create one and name it *evacuation*.

For information on creating a method, see 6.3 The Method Page.

A Evacuate Vials PIC Δ R R O

Sample evacuation method time settings:

Flush = 5 seconds Sample = 60 seconds

Stabilization = 10 seconds

Measurement = 45 seconds

Post measurement = 5 seconds

- 4. From the main menu, click **Run**, and then the **Sample List** tab.
- 5. In the **Sampling Method** dropdown, select **evacuation**.
- In the sample area, specify the vial positions to be evacuated in this sequence.
   For information on adding vial information and specifying positions, see section 7.5 Add Experiment Details.
- 7. Power on the external vacuum pump.
- 8. Click **Start** to begin the evacuation run.

The progress of the evacuation run appears at the top of the Sage software page, including the time remaining until the run is complete.



No data from the vials are collected by the analyzer. During this run, the data that appears in the Sage software is the ambient air measured by the analyzer during the evacuation step.

9. When the evacuation is complete, turn off the power to the external evacuation pump.



#### **NOTE**

Evacuated vials should be filled up with samples/reference gases as quickly as possible after evacuation.

If the evacuated vials must be stored before filling, use parafilm to cover the septa and avoid leaking ambient air into the vials.

PICARRO B Limited Warranty

# **B** Limited Warranty

Picarro, Inc. warrants its Products to be free from defects in material and workmanship and to perform in the manner and under the conditions specified in the Product specifications for twelve (12) months from shipment.

This warranty is the only warranty made by Picarro with respect to its Products and no person is authorized to bind Picarro for any obligations or liabilities beyond this warranty in connection with its Products. This warranty is made to the original Purchaser only, is non-transferable and may only be modified or amended by a written instrument signed by a duly authorized officer of Picarro. Sub-systems manufactured by other firms, but integrated into Picarro Products, are covered by the original manufacturer's warranty and Picarro makes no warranty, express or implied, regarding such sub-systems. Products or parts thereof which are replaced or repaired under this warranty are warranted only for the remaining, un-expired portion of the original warranty period applicable to the specific Product replaced or repaired.



#### **NOTE**

#### **DISCLAIMER**

THE FOREGOING WARRANTY IS EXCLUSIVE AND IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER WARRANTIES WHETHER WRITTEN, ORAL OR IMPLIED, AND SHALL BE THE PURCHASER'S SOLE REMEDY AND PICARRO'S SOLE LIABILITY IN CONTRACT OR OTHERWISE FOR THE PRODUCT. PICARRO EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMS ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

The Purchaser's exclusive remedy with respect to any defective Product shall be to have Picarro repair or replace such defective Product or credit the Purchaser's account, whichever Picarro may elect in its sole discretion. If it is found that any Product has been returned which is not defective, the Purchaser will be notified and such Product returned at the Purchaser's expense. In addition, a charge for testing and examination may, at Picarro's sole discretion, be made on any Product so returned.

These remedies are available only if: 1) Picarro is notified in writing by the Purchaser promptly upon discovery of a Product defect, and in any event within the warranty period; 2) Picarro's examination of such Product discloses to Picarro's satisfaction that such defects actually exist and the Product has not been repaired, worked on, altered by persons not authorized by Picarro, subject to misuse, negligence or accident, or connected, installed, used or adjusted otherwise than in accordance with the instructions furnished by Picarro.

B Limited Warranty

PICARRO

The following warranty conditions shall apply to all Picarro, Inc. products unless amended by a written instrument signed by a duly authorized officer of Picarro:

**ADJUSTMENT** — No electrical, mechanical or optical adjustments to the product(s) are permitted.

**PARTS AND LABOR** — New or factory-built replacements for defective parts will be supplied for twelve (12) months from date of shipment of the product. Replacement parts are warranted for the remaining portion of the original warranty period. There will be no charge for repair of products under warranty where the repair work is done by Picarro, Inc.

NOT COVERED BY THE WARRANTY — Damage to any optical surface from improper handling or cleaning procedures. This applies specifically to those items subjected to excess laser radiation, contaminated environments, extreme temperature or abrasive cleaning. Damage due to ESD, abuse, misuse, improper installation or application, alteration, accident, negligence in use, improper storage, transportation or handling. No warranty shall apply where the original equipment identifications have been removed, defaced, altered or where there is any evidence of alterations, adjustments, removal of protective outer enclosure, any attempt to repair the product by unauthorized personnel or with parts other than those provided by Picarro, Inc.

**DAMAGE IN SHIPMENT** — Your analyzer should be inspected and tested as soon as it is received. The product is packaged for safe delivery. If the product is damaged in any way, you should immediately file a claim with the carrier or, if insured separately, with the insurance company. Picarro, Inc. will not be responsible for damage sustained in shipment. All Picarro products are F.O.B. origin, shipped from the Picarro factory or Picarro distributor. The price of all Products, unless otherwise specifically stated, is Ex- Works, Sunnyvale, CA as defined by Incoterms, 2001. The cost of normal packaging for shipment is included in the invoiced price. Where Buyer specifies special packaging, a charge will be made to cover any extra expense.

**CLAIMS ASSISTANCE** — Call Picarro, Inc. Customer Support or your local distributor for assistance. Give our representative the full details of the problem. Helpful information or shipping instructions will be provided. If requested, estimates of the charges for non-warranty or other service work will be supplied before work begins.

**RETURN PROCEDURE** — Customers must obtain a Return Merchandise Authorization Number from Picarro, Inc. prior to returning units. Products being returned for repair must be shipped in their original shipping cartons to avoid damage.

#### **About Picarro**

Picarro is a leading provider of solutions to measure greenhouse gas (GHG) concentrations, trace gases, and stable isotopes across many scientific applications, along with the energy and utilities markets. Our patented Cavity Ring-Down Spectroscopy (CRDS) is at the heart of all Picarro instruments and solutions, enabling the detection of target molecules at part per billion or better resolution.

### **Product Support**



Utilize Picarro support resources for product support. Join the Picarro community to ask questions and get answers, search the document library for datasheets and user manuals, download software, and purchase products and replacement parts.

Access to online community forums and software downloads are available only for registered Picarro customers with login credentials. If you do not have an account, you can register by using the community and software download links below.

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